CLIFFORD

CHANCE

"DECODING" THE SECONDARIES MARKET PART IV: CONTINUATION FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 2020

'DECODING': CONTINUATION FUNDS

As a result of COVID-19 and the subsequent market impact, scheduled exit windows for portfolio assets may no longer be viable. As was the case in 2011-13, post the GFC, continuation funds can be a useful tool for GPs looking to extend hold periods for assets, where they are unable to be realised at optimum value in the short term and have potential for future upside.

As Part IV of Clifford Chance's series on "Decoding" The Secondaries Market, we explore the key features of continuation funds, which extend hold periods for portfolio investments and provide LPs with liquidity.

What are Continuation Funds?

New fund vehicles set up to acquire one or more assets from the original fund and are continued to be managed, typically by the same GP/manager.

Typical Structuring:



Steps:

Cash-Out or Rollover:

Typically, investors in the Existing Fund are given the opportunity to "cash-out", "rollover" or increase their stake into the new longer dated Continuation Fund.

Investors who choose to "cash out" will remain in the Existing Fund (to the extent continuing) but will not commit their share of the purchase price to the Continuation Fund.

The shortfall in the Continuation Fund left by the "Exiting Investors" will be met by Rolling Investors who want to increase their exposure to the transferring asset(s), as well as new "secondary" investors. Existing and Rolling Investors may also provide additional capital for follow-on or additional investments.

Single or Multiple Vehicles:

2

The type of vehicle used for the Continuation Fund will often follow that of the Existing Fund (subject to investor requirements, tax and regulatory considerations).

Either a single continuation fund holding multiple assets, or multiple continuation funds holding single assets, may be used. Considerations such as timing, cost, investor base, characteristics of asset(s) and flexibility to raise new capital will determine the optimum approach.

Transfer of Assets:

One or more asset(s) of the Existing Fund will be acquired by the Continuation Fund under a sale and purchase agreement.

SPA terms may include:

- Pricingadjustments for post-record date cashflows
 Ownership
- representations
- Holdbacks for Existing Funds/ Existing Investors

Valuation:

To determine the valuation of the asset(s), a vigorous approach is required to manage conflicts of interest.

4

Mechanisms for determining price (or indicative range) include:

- circulation of information memorandum and invitation of bids from the market;
- an independent expert determining fair market value or providing a fairness opinion;
- a book-building process derived from investors submitting prices and sizes of interests they are looking to acquire; and/or
- pegging the sale price to a minimum "reference price" determined by a third-party sale of an equivalent interest in the asset (where possible).

CONTINUATION FUNDS

Commercial objectives:

GP benefits

- · Continue to manage investments.
- Extract future value/may fit better with optimum holding period for Investment.
- May benefit from ongoing fees and carried interest (depending on negotiating power, nature of fund, term of continuation fund – see below).
- Opportunity to obtain new capital/make new investments.

LP benefits

- Creates liquidity option for existing LPs.
- For rolling LPs, the continuation fund offers the opportunity to benefit from the upside of a second phase of value creation and retain exposure to one or more asset(s) – in peak markets these will generally be well-performing asset(s) with upside to holding for the longer term, whereas in a downturn there may also be assets needing a longer hold period.

New Money Investor benefits

- Fund structure can cater for needs of new investors.
- Know what the assets are.
- Many align well with proposed hold periods.
- Mature assets with potentially shorter hold periods.

Common Terms:

There is no "single-approach" to the terms of continuation funds. Terms will vary depending on factors such as the nature of the fund assets, fund term, investor base, investor bargaining power and appetite for sponsor economics.

Economic	
Provision	Implementation
Carried Interest	Deal Dependent – different mechanisms such as NAV based performance fee and carry reset can be put in place. Approach is generally dictated by the nature of the underlying asset(s) (e.g. yield based, capital appreciative) and the term of the continuation fund. Carry may in some strategies be less common in this context, particularly where the transfer to the continuation fund results in a carry event in the existing fund. In any case, unusual to see pure 80/20 carry splits in the first instance. May be tiered carry that begins from 10-15% rate for lower returns and increases to 15-20% for higher returns (with a catch-up or without it) after certain IRR and/or MOIC thresholds are met. May alternatively be replaced by a performance fee, particularly for longer term, yield-based funds.
Management Fees	Typically lower or budget-based. May have a performance element in place of carried interest (see above).
Term	Dependent on asset class. In private equity/special situations, term is often shorter than a typical primaries fund (5-7 years) but for infrastructure funds may be longer (15-35+). Recycling/ Re-investment/ Follow-on period is also typically short (e.g. 18-30 months).
Investor Liquidity Options	Linked to term (i.e. longer term requires more provision for liquidity), but typically more flexible transfer rights.
Follow-ons	Provisions generally more restrictive than in a blind-pool primaries fund.
Fees, costs and expenses	Paid from income, reserved or capital increase. If capital increase for costs, these will likely need to be identified and quantified upfront.
Reinvestment	Provisions generally more restrictive than in a blind-pool primaries fund in light of limited available capital.
Governance	
Provision	Implementation
Advisory Committee	Useful to form (made up of participating existing investors and new investors).
Key Person	Generally not negotiated where all assets pre-identified.
No fault removal	Often not included where assets all pre-identified. If included, generally longer lock-in period and higher compensation for removal than in primaries context.
Removal for cause	Similar to initial fund

Additional Capital Requirements:

As the "rollover mechanism" only relates to the acquisition cost of the rolled-over asset(s), GPs may require additional capital for follow-on investments or additional further investments. GPs may look to fulfil this capital requirement in one or more of the following ways:



Dry Powder:

requesting that "rolling" investors provide additional cash commitments to the continuation fund at the outset



Reinvestment:

including a provision in continuation fund documentation to permit scope for some reinvestment of proceeds



Capital Increase:

incorporating mechanism into continuation fund documentation for increasing investor commitments at the time of a relevant further expense.

CONTINUATION FUNDS KEY LEGAL CONISDERATIONS



CONTACTS



ALEXANDER CHESTER PARTNER

T +44 20 7006 8365
 E alexander.chester
 @cliffordchance.com



MICHAEL SABIN PARTNER

T +1 212 878 3289 E michael.sabin @cliffordchance.com



XAVIER COMAILLS PARTNER

T +33 1 4405 5166 E xavier.comaills @cliffordchance.com



ANA TORRES COUNSEL

T +34 93 344 2254E ana.torres @cliffordchance.com



OLIVER MARCUSE SENIOR ASSOCIATE

T +44 20 7006 6220E oliver.marcuse @cliffordchance.com



ALEXANDRA DAVIDSON PARTNER

T +44 20 7006 2581
 E alexandra.davidson
 @cliffordchance.com



SONYA PAULS PARTNER

T +49 89 21632 8550 E sonya.pauls @cliffordchance.com



KAI-NIKLAS SCHNEIDER OFFICE MANAGING PARTNER

T 6564102255 E kai.schneider @cliffordchance.com



STEPHANIE DUNNE SENIOR ASSOCIATE

T +44 20 7006 2812E stephanie.dunne @cliffordchance.com



MARIE PREAT COUNSEL

 T +33 1 4405 5124
 E marie.preat @cliffordchance.com



CHRISTOPHER SULLIVAN PARTNER

- T +44 20 7006 5050
- E christopher.sullivan @cliffordchance.com



RICHARD KALAHER PARTNER

T +44 20 7006 1507
 E richard.kalaher
 @cliffordchance.com



JAVIER AMANTEGUI PARTNER

- T +34 91 590 7576
- E javier.amantegui @cliffordchance.com



MORGAN PRETSWELL SENIOR ASSOCIATE

- T +44 20 7006 3982
- E morgan.pretswell @cliffordchance.com



KRISHNA SKANDAKUMAR ASSOCIATE

- T +1 212 878 3274
- E krishna.skandakumar @cliffordchance.com

C L I F F O R D

CHANCE

Clifford Chance, 10 Upper Bank Street, London, E14 5JJ

© Clifford Chance 2020

Clifford Chance LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales under number OC323571

Registered office: 10 Upper Bank Street, London, E14 5JJ

We use the word 'partner' to refer to a member of Clifford Chance LLP, or an employee or consultant with equivalent standing and qualifications

This publication does not necessarily deal with every important topic or cover every aspect of the topics with which it deals. It is not designed to provide legal or other advice.

www.cliffordchance.com

 Abu Dhabi • Amsterdam • Barcelona • Beijing • Brussels • Bucharest • Casablanca • Dubai • Düsseldorf • Frankfurt • Hong Kong • Istanbul • London • Luxembourg •

 Madrid • Milan • Moscow • Munich • Newcastle • New York • Paris • Perth • Prague • Rome • São Paulo • Seoul • Shanghai • Singapore • Sydney • Tokyo • Warsaw

 • Washington, D.C.
 Clifford Chance has a best friends relationship with Redcliffe Partners in Ukraine.

Clifford Chance has a co-operation agreement with Abuhimed Alsheikh Alhagbani Law Firm in Riyadh.