C L I F F O R D C H A N C E



THE NEW EUROPEAN COMMISSION CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE AND CANDIDATES



- THOUGHT LEADERSHIP

SEPTEMBER 2019



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The incoming President of the European Commission, Ursula von der Leyen, has unveiled the team of European Commissioners who will drive the EU's agenda for the next five years. Ms von der Leyen, the former German defence minister, says that it will be a "geopolitical Commission," signalling an intention to position Europe as a heavyweight on the world stage. Here Clifford Chance experts, including of Counsel Michel Petite who worked for the EU for 27 years and was legal adviser to three Commission Presidents, assess the priorities for the new von der Leyen Commission.

The composition of the Commission

Ursula von der Leyen will be the first woman to hold the position of President of the European Commission when she takes office in October. She urged Member States to nominate Commissioners that would allow her to build a gender-balanced team. She was successful; 13 Commissioners are women and 14 are men. This is in stark contrast to Jean-Claude Juncker's Commission, where the ratio of men to women was 2:1. Michel Petite says: "All the Commissioners have first class pro-European credentials and the gender balance has been addressed, which is great."

President von der Leyen has also overhauled the structure of the Commission. There will now be a total of eight Vice-Presidents, three of whom will be Executive Vice-Presidents – Valdis Dombrovskis, Frans Timmermans and Margrethe Vestager, representing EPP, S&D and Renew, the three largest groups, respectively. These three new Executive Vice-Presidents have been given oversight of major policy areas for the EU. Frans Timmermans from the Netherlands gets DG Climate Action (CLIMA), Valdis Dombrovskis from Latvia is given DG Financial Stability, Financial Services and Capital Markets Union (FISMA) and Margrethe Vestager from Denmark has responsibility for DG Competition (COMP). "This is a new feature," says Petite, "the appointment of three Executive Vice-Presidents signals that the Commission will work through a hard core of heavyweights, with a great deal of experience, who will be at the forefront of all decisions taken."

In contrast to her predecessor Jean-Claude Juncker's "political Commission" von der Leyen says that the Commission will be "a guardian of multilateralism," as it deals with a range of challenges such as the continuing refugee crisis, an unpredictable and protectionist US, the rise of China and an increasingly hostile Russia. She has appointed a number of Commissioners - including Margrethe Vestager, the former Commissioner for Competition who now widens her portfolio to include tech, and Phil Hogan, the Agriculture Commissioner who now takes on Trade - who have not shied away from confronting US and Chinese positions. In addition, she has created a new department charged with overseeing defence and space policy, which Washington may regard as a challenge to the US-led NATO alliance.

The invisible hand of French President Emmanuel Macron

The appointment of this Commission can be seen as a success for French President Emmanuel Macron, who was instrumental in proposing Ursula von der Leyen for the top post. As the most unashamedly pro-European leader on the European Council, his approach and priorities are closely aligned with this new Commission. President Macron was also successful in ensuring that France was given a key portfolio, with the formidable mix of internal market and digital, plus defence and space.

Notable appointments Margrethe Vestager

Her nomination as an Executive Vice-President is not only a reflection of her performance in the previous Commission, but also of the improved results of the Liberal group (Renew), which currently includes seven heads of government across the EU and won 108 seats in May's European Parliament elections.

This is the first time a Competition Commissioner has remained in post for a second term. In the past, it was considered too powerful and too sensitive a position to remain in the hands of the same person for two terms. What is not clear is how Ms Vestager will manage the competition portfolio alongside the additional responsibility of leading on digital issues. In reality, it is likely that she will coordinate with Sylvie Goulard, the Commissioner for the Internal Market.

"Margrethe Vestager will also surely stymie recent suggestions from France, Germany and other Member States that competition rules should be amended in order to promote national champions following the blocking of the Alstom-Siemens merger," says Gail Orton, Clifford Chance's Head of EU Public Policy. A more interventionist approach could, however, be pursued in the portfolio of Sylvie Goulard, where there is already an industrial policy for defence and space.

Sylvie Goulard

France has been given an extremely important portfolio, bringing together two DGs and creating a third to put Sylvie Goulard in charge of the internal market, including the Digital Single Market (DSM), and defence and space. The new DG Defence Industry and Space has come out of DG GROW, which had grown too big and unwieldy. It is also the first time that digital will be brought into the fold of the internal market, emphasising the importance of creating a real DSM.

Phil Hogan

The Agriculture Commissioner will take on the trade portfolio in the new Commission. He already has extensive experience of negotiating trade agreements with third countries, having overseen the food and agriculture elements of free trade agreement negotiations. Key achievements in that area during his last mandate included concluding the EU-Japan, EU-Mexico, and EU-Mercosur agreements, in which he played a critical role.

Hogan will also be responsible for future negotiations between the EU and the UK as a third country. On the one hand it demonstrates that Ireland will continue to be at the centre of Europe's concerns as regards finding a way forward, while on the other hand it shows that forging relations with the UK as it departs the bloc is a priority for new European Commission President von der Leyen. Ireland has more of a stake in maintaining close trading ties with the UK than any other country. Michel Barnier's deputy during the Article 50 negotiations, Sabine Weyand, is now Director General of DG Trade, for which Hogan will be responsible.

What about the UK?

During the press conference following the announcement of the portfolio allocations, Ursula von der Leyen stated that if the UK is granted another extension to the Article 50 process, it will have to nominate a Commissioner.

Next steps

The team of Commissioners will attend hearings in the relevant European Parliament Committees between 30 September and 8 October, with a final vote on the whole Commission set for 23 October. "This hearings process is likely to be challenging. Two candidates -László Trócsányi from Hungary and Rovana Plumb from Romania - have already been rejected," says Michel Petite. We can also expect questions about the titles of some of the Commissioners, not least the Commissioner for "Protecting the European way of life" which has drawn strong criticism from several Members of the European Parliament.



New Commission at a glance and comparison with Juncker Commission

President	von der Leyen	Juncker
Number of Commissioners	27	28
Vice-Presidents	8	7
Political affiliation		
– EPP	8	14
– S&D	9	8
- Renew	6	5
– Greens/EFA	1	0
– ECR	1	1
Number of returning Commissioners	8 ¹	7
Average age	56	53
Male-female ratio	1:1	2:1

Anticipated timetable of appointment

10 September 2019	President elect von der Leyen announced portfolio allocations among nominated Commissioners
30 September – 8 October 2019	Hearings of Commissioners-designate before the relevant European Parliament Committees
15 October 2019	Extraordinary Conference of Committee Chair (CCC) to evaluate the hearings
17 October 2019	CoP declares the hearings closed
23 October 2019	MEPs vote in plenary on whether to ap- prove the new College of Commissioners. They vote on the College as a block, rather than on individual members
31 October 2019	Formal end of the previous Commission's term (may be appointed to stay on in a caretaker capacity if new College is not approved in time)
1 November 2019	New European Commissioners due to take office
1 December 2019	New President of the European Council and High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy due to take office

Valdis Dombrovskis, Mariya Gabriel, Johannes Hahn, Phil Hogan, Vera Jourová, Maroš Šefčovič, Frans Timmermans and Margrethe Vestager.

STRUCTURE OF THE NEW COMMISSION

FRANS TIMMERMANS

Executive Vice-President

of Life

Climate

URSULA VON DER LEYEN President

MARGRETHE VESTAGER

Executive Vice-President

Competition



VALDIS DOMBROVSKIS Executive Vice-President Economy for people

demography

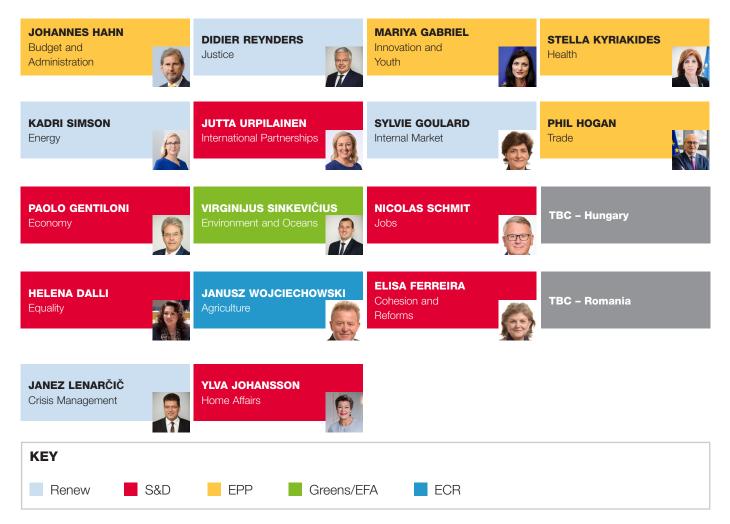


VICE-PRESIDENTS



COMMISSIONERS

Relations



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GERMANY



Ursula von der Leyen (Political group – EPP)



Portfolio: President of the Commission

Services/Directorate(s) General: DG Communication (COMM), European Political Strategy Centre (EPSC)

Most recent position held: Minister of Defence to the German Government

Age: 60

President: Ursula von der Leyen

Ursula von der Leyen was born in 1958 in Ixelles, Belgium. Her father worked as a civil servant for the European Union. She studied economics in Göttingen, Münster and at the London School of Economics. In 1980 she switched to study Medicine, graduating and obtaining her medical licence in 1987 from Hanover Medical School. She specialised in gynaecology, graduated as a Doctor of Medicine in 1991 and worked in a women's clinic in Hanover until 1992. From 1996 to 2002, she taught at the Department of Epidemiology, Social Medicine and Health System Research at the Hanover Medical School and also earned a Master's degree in Public Health at the same institution.

She entered politics in 1990 when she joined the CDU (The Christian Democratic Union of Germany), a German centre-right, liberal-conservative political party. She was elected to the Parliament of Lower Saxony in 2003 and served as the Minister for Social Affairs, Women, Family Affairs and Health of Lower Saxony from 2003 to 2005.

In 2005, she was appointed Federal Minister of Family Affairs and Youth in the cabinet of Angela Merkel. She was elected to the Bundestag in 2009 and was appointed as Federal Minister of Labour and Social Affairs. During her time as Family and Labour Minister she imposed gender quotas for company boards and introduced paternity leave rights, gaining considerable popularity for her policies. From 2013 to 2019 she served as Germany's first female Defence Minister.

Von der Leyen is a key ally of Angela Merkel, with whom she has worked since Merkel became Chancellor in 2005. She is known to be in favour of strong European integration and has pushed for greater military cooperation within the European Union.

She is the first woman to be elected as President of the European Commission. In her Political Guidelines of the new Commission she emphasised the need to address the changes in climate, technology and demography that are transforming our societies and way of life.

Johannes Hahn

Johannes Hahn was born in Vienna in 1957 and studied Philosophy at the University of Vienna, graduating with a PhD in 1987. Aside from his career in politics, Mr Hahn acted as a Board Member and CEO of Novomatic AG, an online gaming and casino management system firm, from 1997 to 2003.

Mr Hahn has been politically active since his early twenties; he chaired the Viennese group of the Youth wing of the Austrian People's Party from 1980 to 1985 and then worked his way up the Vienna branch of the Austrian People's Party, eventually chairing it in 2005. From 2003 to 2007, he was a member of the Viennese regional government and from 2007 until his appointment as Austria's European Commissioner in 2010, he was the Minister for Science and Research within the Austrian Federal Government.

From 2010 to 2014 Mr Hahn served as the European Commissioner for Regional Policy and, whilst Viviane Reading campaigned for and later took her seat in the European Parliament, he was twice appointed acting Commissioner for Justice, Fundamental Rights and Citizenship. Mr Hahn was then appointed as the European Commissioner for Neighbourhood Policy & Enlargement Negotiations in 2014 and, in July 2019, he took over the position of Commissioner for Regional Policy as Corina Creţu took her seat in the European Parliament.

In his new role, Mr Hahn will be responsible for a number of reforms aimed at modernising the European Commission. These include fully digitalising the Commission, developing a new human resources straßtegy, implementing the Commission's anti-fraud strategy and promoting gender equality at all levels of management. Mr Hahn will also assist the President of the European Commission, Ursula von der Leyen, in concluding the negotiations on the 2021-2027 Multiannual Financial Framework (MFF).

Mr Hahn's partner is Susanne Riess, former Vice Chancellor of Austria and former leader of the Austrian Freedom Party.

AUSTRIA



Johannes Hahn (Political group – EPP)



Portfolio: Budget and Administration

Services/Directorate(s) General: DG Budget (BUDG), DG Human Resources and Security (HR), DG Informatics (IT), DG Translation (DGT), DG Interpretation (SCIC), Office for the Administration and Payment of Individual Entitlements (PMO), Office of Infrastructure and Logistics in Brussels (OIB), Office of Infrastructure and Logistics in Luxembourg (OIL), Publications Office of the European Union (OP), European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF)

Most recent position held: European Neighbourhood Policy & Enlargement Negotiations Commissioner

BELGIUM



Didier Reynders (Political group – Renew) RENEW) EUROPE

Portfolio: Justice

Services/Directorate(s) General: DG Justice and Consumers (JUST), Internal Audit Service (IAS)

Most recent position held: Minister of Foreign and European Affairs, Minister of Defence, Deputy Prime Minister

Age: 61

Didier Reynders

Didier Reynders was born in Liège, Belgium, in 1958. Mr Reynders graduated in Law from the University of Liège in 1981 and worked as a lawyer from 1981 to 1985 before beginning his political career.

Didier Reynders was Director General of the Local Authorities Department of the Ministry of the Walloon Region from 1985 to 1988, before becoming Chief of staff of the Deputy Prime Minister, and Minister of Justice and Institutional Reforms from 1987 to 1988.

Mr Reynders was elected to the Belgian Parliament in 1992 and since 1999 has held a variety of ministerial positions: Minister of Institutional Reforms (2004-2011); Minister in charge of the National Lottery, the Federal Holding and Investment Company and the insurance companies (2007-2011); Minister of Finance (1999-2011); Minister of Foreign Affairs, Foreign Trade and European Affairs (2011-2014); Minister of Foreign Affairs and European Affairs (2014-2018); Minister of Foreign and European Affairs, and Minister of Defence (2018-present). Mr Reynders has been Deputy Prime Minister since 2004.

In June 2019, Didier Reynders lost a bid to become Secretary General of the Council of Europe, Europe's leading human rights body. Mr Reynders has previously expressed interest in the rule of law, pioneering the idea of an annual peer review system among EU countries concerning their respect for the rule of law. Mr Reynders will jointly manage the rule of law portfolio with Vera Jourová, the Commissioner for Values and Transparency.

Mariya Gabriel

Mariya Gabriel was born in Gotse Delchev in 1979. She has a BA in Bulgarian and French languages from Paisii Hilendarski Plovdiv University, and a Master's degree in Comparative Politics and International Relations from the Academy for Political Sciences in Bordeaux. From 2004 to 2008 she was a teacher and researcher at the Institute for Political Studies in Bordeaux, before being appointed Parliamentary Secretary to MEPs from the GERB political party which sits within the EPP Group.

In 2009 she was elected to the European Parliament, where she was the EPP Group coordinator for the Committee on Women's Rights and Gender Equality. She was re-elected in 2014 and made a Vice-President of the EPP Group. She was twice nominated MEP of the year by the Parliament's in-house magazine, once in the development category and again in the gender equality category.

In 2017 Ms Gabriel was nominated by Bulgarian Prime Minister Boyko Borissov to be the country's European Commissioner, following the mid-term resignation of Kristalina Georgieva. Commission President Jean-Claude Juncker then reshuffled the Commission portfolios and made Ms Gabriel the Digital Commissioner.

Ms Gabriel was once more elected as an MEP in May 2019, but renounced her seat in order to remain a Commissioner. Confirming her nomination, Prime Minister Borissov emphasised Ms Gabriel's contribution to the *"development of the digital single market, the improvement of security and the protection of personal data online, as well as the modernisation of copyright."* A profile published by Politico in April 2018 painted a less positive image however, highlighting her reluctance to properly engage with the key issues, her lack of political weight and her tendency to rely on Andrus Ansip, the Estonian Commission Vice President for the Digital Single Market, to try to push through tough proposals.

In her new role, she will be responsible for the next Horizon programme, leading on making the European Education Area a reality by 2025, promoting networking among European universities and updating the Digital Education Action Plan.

BULGARIA



Mariya Gabriel (Political group – EPP)



Portfolio: Innovation and Youth

Services/Directorate(s) General:

DG Research and Innovation (RTD), DG Education, Youth, Sport and Culture (EAC), Joint Research Centre (JRC)

Most recent position held:

Commissioner for Digital and Society

CROATIA



Dubravka Šuica (Political group – EPP)



Portfolio: Vice-President, Democracy and Demography

Services/Directorate(s) General: Secretariat-General and DG Communication for the Vice-President coordination role

Most recent position held: Member of European Parliament

Age: 62

Dubravka Šuica

Dubravka Šuica was born in 1957 in Dubrovnik, Croatia. She graduated in 1981 from the Zagreb Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences, majoring in English and German languages. She worked as a high school teacher, university professor and head teacher up until 2001 when she was elected as the first female mayor of Dubrovnik. She held office for two consecutive terms until 2009.

Ms Šuica has been active in national politics since 1998, when she joined HDZ (Hrvatska Demokratska Zajednica – Croatian Democratic Community), a liberal conservative political party and the main centre-right political party in Croatia. She was its Vice-President from 2012 to 2016. She was elected as a member of the parliament in three mandates from 2000 to 2009. Between 2004 and 2014 she was also the Vice-President of the Congress of Local and Regional Authorities of the Council of Europe and President of the Croatian delegation to the Congress.

Since 2013 she has been a Member of the European Parliament. She is also a Vice-President of EPP Women, an official association dedicated to the advancement of women in the European Union. Within the European Parliament, she has been a member of the Committee on Foreign Affairs and a member of the European Parliament's Delegation for relations with Bosnia and Herzegovina and Kosovo.

Within the new Commission, Ms Šuica will be one of its eight Vice-Presidents and the Commissioner for Democracy and Demography. She will also lead, from the Commission side, the work on the Conference on the Future of Europe which will run for two years, starting in 2020.

Stella Kyriakides

Stella Kyriakides was born in Nicosia, Cyprus in 1956. She studied Psychology at the University of Reading and obtained a Master's degree from the University of Manchester. She spent 30 years at the Cypriot Ministry of Health between 1976 and 2006, working as a clinical psychologist at the Department of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry.

Her political career began in 2006 when she was elected to the Cypriot House of Representatives. Since 2013 she has been the Vice President of the governing Democratic Rally party (DISY), which sits in the EPP group.

Since 2012 she has headed the Cypriot delegation in the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe (PACE) and from October 2017 to January 2018 she served as President of PACE.

Following the death of her mother from breast cancer and her own diagnosis at the age of 40, Ms Kyriakides became involved in the Europa Donna NGO; she was President of its European Breast Cancer Coalition between 2004 and 2006, and President of the Cyprus Breast Cancer Forum for 15 years.

In his letter nominating Ms Kyriakides to become the country's next European Commissioner, Cypriot President Nicos Anastasiades highlighted her contribution to the fight against breast cancer both at home and abroad. Her responsibilities within the health portfolio will include putting forward "Europe's Beating Cancer Plan" to support Member States improving cancer prevention and care. She will also be responsible for ensuring the supply of affordable medicine, monitoring the implementation of the new regulatory framework on medical devices, implementing the EU's plan on antimicrobial resistance as well as prioritising communication on vaccination, in particular "*combating the myths, misconceptions and scepticism that surround the issue.*" On the food safety side of the portfolio she will lead on the strategy for a sustainable food chain, work to reduce dependency on pesticides and "*help protect citizens from exposure to endocrine disruptors.*"

CYPRUS





Stella Kyriakides (Political group – EPP)



Portfolio: Health

Services/Directorate(s) General: DG Health and Food Safety (SANTE)

Most recent position held: Member of the Cypriot Parliament

CZECH REPUBLIC



Věra Jourová (Political group – Renew) RENEW EUROPE

Portfolio: Vice-President for Values and Transparency

Services/Directorate(s) General: Secretariat-General for the Vice-President coordination role

Most recent position held: Justice, Consumers & Gender Equality Commissioner

Age: 55

Věra Jourová

Věra Jourová was born in 1964 in Třebíč, Czech Republic. She graduated from Charles University from both the Department of the Theory of Culture and the Department of Law and Legal Science. In 1991, she worked as Deputy Director of the Civic Culture Centre in Třebíč, later working as the Secretary of the City Council. From 2000, she was employed at DHV ČR working on human resources, regional development, economic policy and EU funds projects. Between 2001 and 2003, she was head of the Regional Development Section in the Regional Office of the Vysočina Region, and was subsequently made European Integration Deputy at the Ministry for Regional Development. From 2006, she worked for a consultancy on Euro grants. In 2013, she was made a Deputy in the Czech Parliament and in 2014 acted as the Minister for Regional Development. She sat in the Chamber of Deputies for her party, ANO, between 2013 and 2014.

Since 2014, she has been the European Commissioner for Justice, Consumers and Gender Equality. In this role she has been responsible for overseeing matters relating to EU data protection and privacy matters, gender equality and enforcement of remuneration rules in the financial and business sectors.

In her new role, Ms Jourová will chair the Commissioners' Group on a New Push for European Democracy and will be responsible for coordinating the work on a European Democracy Action Plan, which aims to reduce the risk of foreign intervention in European elections and democratic systems. Her roles will also include working on issues such as media pluralism and journalistic activities, as well as transparency in the legislative process and the prospect of the implementation of an independent ethics body for all EU institutions.

In 2019, Romanian officials launched a criminal probe into Ms Jourová and Frans Timmermans, the Commissioner for the European Green Deal, over alleged false claims made in a Commission report on the rule of law in Romania.

Margrethe Vestager

Margrethe Vestager was born in Glostrup, Denmark in 1968. Ms Vestager graduated from the University of Copenhagen in 1993 with an MSc in Economics. She worked for the Ministry of Finance between 1993 and 1995 before working for the Agency for Financial Management and Administrative Affairs from 1997 to 1998. Having been national chairwoman of the Danish Social Liberal Party from 1993 to 1997, Ms Vestager was appointed Minister of Education and Church Affairs in 1998.

Margrethe Vestager was a Member of the Danish Parliament for the Social Liberal Party from 2001 to 2014, becoming leader of the Party in 2007. She became Minister for Economic Affairs and the Interior in 2011, holding this position until 2014 when she became the Competition Commissioner.

Ms Vestager will continue to serve as the Commissioner for Competition in the new Commission. In the past five years, Ms Vestager has frequently made tech companies the focus of her investigations with a combined record fine of €8 billion awarded against Google and an order against Apple to pay €13 billion in taxes. Ms Vestager has also announced a probe into the conduct of Amazon.

Ms Vestager's new role will combine her previous competition work with wider regulation of the tech sector, but will likely focus on the digital market in the context of competition. The portfolio for developing the Digital Single Market has been granted to Sylvie Goulard (France).

Margrethe Vestager ran as a candidate for the Presidency of the European Commission in 2019.

DENMARK





Margrethe Vestager (Political group – Renew) RENEW)EUROPE

Portfolio: Executive Vice-President, Europe fit for the Digital Age, Competition Commissioner

Services/Directorate(s) General: DG Competition (COMP)

Most recent position held: Competition Commissioner

ESTONIA



Kadri Simson (Political group – Renew) RENEW) EUROPE

Portfolio: Energy

Services/Directorate(s) General: DG Energy (ENER)

Most recent position held: Minister of Economic Affairs and Infrastructure to the Estonian Government

Age: 42

Kadri Simson

Kadri Simson was born in Tartu, Estonia in 1977. She has a degree in History from Tartu University and a Master's degree in Political Sciences from University College London.

During her studies, between 1998 and 2002 she worked for the Tallinn City Council and as an Adviser to the Mayor of Tallinn. Upon her graduation in 2003, she worked for a year in the NATO Parliamentary Assembly as a Research Assistant.

Her political involvement began in 1995 when as a student, she joined the Estonian Centre Party. Ms Simson was nominated a Secretary-General of the Estonian Centre Party for four years between 2003 and 2007. As of 2009, she has been the Chairwoman of the Centre Party in the Riigikogu (Estonian Parliament). She was also elected to Pärnu City Council in 2013 and in 2017.

In 2016, she was appointed as a Minister of Economic Affairs and Infrastructure. Following her experience in the Estonian Government, she was the only candidate proposed by the Estonian Prime Minister to replace Andrus Ansip as the next European Commissioner.

President Ursula von der Leyen told each country that she would like them to nominate one male and one female candidate. However, Estonian Prime Minister Ratas stuck to his choice by nominating Simson alone. In his nominating letter Prime Minister Ratas said "As Minister of Economic Affairs and Infrastructure at the time of the Estonian presidency, she managed the areas of the internal market, energy, and transportation in the Council of the European Union with competence, dedication, and great results".

In her new role, Ms Simson will focus on the implementation of energy efficiency and renewable energy legislation, speeding up the deployment of clean energy across the economy, and putting consumers at the heart of the European Union system. She will work under the guidance of Frans Timmermans, Vice-President and Commissioner for the European Green Deal.

Jutta Urpilainen

Jutta Urpilainen was born in 1975 and graduated from the University of Jyväskylä in 2002 with a Master's degree in Educational Services. Although she began her career as a teacher, Ms Urpilainen had been politically active since her time in secondary school; she was a member of the Finnish Social Democratic Party's (SDP) youth and student organisations, and by 2001 she was an elected member of Kokkola City Council and President of the Young European Federalists of Finland.

In 2003, one year after her graduation, Ms Urpilainen left teaching to pursue a career in politics. She was elected into the Finnish Parliament as a member of the SDP and quickly ascended the party ranks, serving as its first female leader from 2008 to 2014 and the first female Minister of Finance and Deputy Prime Minister of Finland from 2011 to 2014. Ms Urpilainen has also held several positions of trust within international organisations, including as a member of the World Bank Group and International Monetary Fund (IMF) Development Committee (2013-2014), Chair of the National Commission on Sustainable Development (2013-2014) and Chair of the Finnish National Commission for UNESCO (2015-2018).

She has continued to serve as a Member of Finnish Parliament for the electoral district of Vaasa since she was first elected in 2003, and in 2017 she was appointed by the Minister for Foreign Affairs as his Special Representative on Mediation. In this role, Ms Urpilainen has focused on conflict prevention and strengthening the status of women and young people in Africa.

As Commissioner for International Partnerships, Ms Urpilainen will work under the High Representative/Vice-President Josep Borrell Fontelles on a number of key areas of EU policy, including the empowerment of women and promoting the United Nations' 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. She will also assist the High Representative/Vice-President in developing a new strategy for the European Union's relationship with Africa, including building on the current EU-Africa Sustainable Alliance and negotiating the Post-Cotonou Agreement with countries from the Africa, Caribbean and Pacific Group of States.

FINLAND



Jutta Urpilainen (Political group – S&D)



Portfolio: International Partnerships

Services/Directorate(s) General: DG International Cooperation and Development (DEVCO)

Most recent position held: Member of Finnish Parliament (Electoral District of Vaasa) / Foreign Minister's Special Representative on Mediation

FRANCE



Sylvie Goulard (Political group – Renew) RENEW) EUROPE

Portfolio: Internal market

Services/Directorate(s) General: DG Communications Networks, Content and Technology (CNECT), DG Internal Market, Industry, Entrepreneurship and SMEs (GROW), DG for Defence Industry and Space

Most recent position held: Deputy Governor, French Central Bank

Age: 54

Sylvie Goulard

Sylvie Goulard was born in Marseille in 1964. She holds an LLB from the University of Aix-Marseille and obtained a Master's degree from the Institute of Political Studies in Paris. After graduating from the ENA, she began her career in France as a Senior Official in the French Ministry of Foreign Affairs in the Directorate of Legal Affairs. In particular, she was involved in the negotiations leading to the reunification of Germany. After working for three years at the Council of State from 1993 to 1996, she returned to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and worked on European matters. Following that, she had an academic career as a researcher at the International Research Centre for two years.

In 2001, Ms Goulard became an adviser to the former Commission President Romano Prodi. According to Politico, she is also close to Mario Monti, a former Competition Commissioner. As well as being experienced in European matters, she was a professor between 2005 and 2009 at the College of Bruges.

From 2009 to 2017, she served in the European Parliament where she was a member of the Parliamentary Committee in charge of Economic and Monetary Affairs (ECON). She served as coordinator/spokesperson of the ALDE group on these subjects at the height of the financial crisis.

Returning to Paris in 2017, she briefly served as the Minister of Defence and stepped down following a scandal surrounding payments to assistants in the European Parliament. She was named as Second Deputy-Governor of the Bank of France shortly afterwards.

In 2019, she was nominated by President Macron as the French European Commissioner due to her "*recognised European experience*" and her "*capacity to play a major role within the Commission*" according to the French Government.

Ms Goulard will chair the Commission's group on the Internal Market, which will include the digital economy and digital transition, the functioning of the single market and Europe's industrial future. Additionally, she will be responsible for a new portfolio on Defence Industry and Space; in particular, she will be responsible for the implementation and oversight of the European Defence Fund and pushing European competitiveness in the space industry.

Margaritas Schinas

Margaritas Schinas was born in Thessaloniki in 1962. He holds an LLB from the University of Thessaloniki, a Master's from the College of Europe in Bruges and a Master's in Public Administration and Policy from the London School of Economics.

He joined the European Commission in 1990, beginning in DG Transport before short stints in the Cabinets of Commissioners Abel Matutes and Marcelino Oreja. He then spent five years as Head of Press and Information at the European Commission Representation in Greece between 1994 and 1999.

Returning to Brussels in 1999, he was Deputy Head of Cabinet to Loyola de Palacio, Vice-President Commissioner for Transport and Energy for five years, followed by five years as Head of Cabinet to Commissioner, Markos Kyprianou, Health and Consumer Protection.

Between 2007 and 2009, he was an MEP for the Nea Dimokratia party (part of the EPP group). He was the Chief Spokesperson of the European Commission from 2014 until his nomination as Greece's Commissioner in July 2019. He is well-known to the Brussels press corps and considered to be careful about what he does and does not say.

There are three strands to the portfolio he has been allocated; (i) skills, education and integration, (ii) finding common ground on migration, and (iii) the Security Union. Mr Schinas will be responsible for coordinating the work on improving the integration of migrants and refugees into society and for coordinating the overall approach and work on a New Pact on Migration and Asylum. It raised a few eyebrows when it was announced that "protecting the European way of life" included migration. In her letter setting out the priorities for Mr Schinas, Ms von der Leyen explained that the "European way of life is built on the principle of dignity and equality for all." We can expect, however, that this will by scrutinised by MEPs in Mr Schinas' hearing in the European Parliament.

He is married to Spaniard Mercedes Alvargonzález, who is currently the Head of Cabinet to the Chairman of the EPP Group in the European Parliament.

GREECE





Margaritas Schinas (Political group – EPP)



Portfolio: Vice-President, Protecting our European Way of Life

Services/Directorate(s) General: None

Most recent position held: Chief Spokesperson for the European Commission and Deputy Director General, Directorate General Communication (COMM)

IRELAND



Phil Hogan (Political group – EPP)



Portfolio: Trade

Services/Directorate(s) General: DG Trade (TRADE)

Most recent position held: Commissioner for Agriculture and Rural Development

Age: 59

Phil Hogan

Phil Hogan was born in Kilkenny in 1960. He attended University College, Cork where he received a Bachelor of Arts in Economics and Geography. Following his university studies, Mr Hogan managed the family farm until 1983, when he founded an auctioneering business. Mr Hogan was also elected to Kilkenny County Council in 1983 and became Chairman in 1985.

In 1987, Mr Hogan was elected to Seanad Éireann, the upper house of the Irish legislature, by the Industrial and Commercial Panel. In 1989, he was elected to Dáil Éireann, the lower house of the Irish legislature, and has retained his seat in every subsequent election until his appointment as Commissioner in 2014.

Mr Hogan was appointed Minister for State in the Department of Finance in 1994, however he later resigned in 1995. Between 1995 and 2001, Mr Hogan was the Chairman of the Fine Gael parliamentary party. Mr Hogan was appointed as the Director of Organisation for Fine Gael in 2002 and, following the 2007 general election, he acted as Fine Gael's spokesperson on Environment, Heritage and Local Government until 2011.

He served as the Minister for the Environment, Community and Local Government between 2011 and 2014, until he began his term as Commissioner for Agriculture and Rural Development. During his term as Commissioner for Agriculture and Rural Development, Mr Hogan handled a number of key issues, including managing the fallout from the Russian trade boycott following the conflict with Ukraine and securing the EU-Japan trade deal. Mr Hogan's role as Commissioner for Agriculture in the negotiations for the Mercosur trade deal, however, remains controversial with European farmers.

Ms von der Leyen described Mr Hogan as a "very fair, but determined negotiator" when announcing his nomination as Commissioner for Trade, a reputation widely held. Taoiseach Leo Varadkar has noted that Mr Hogan "has proven to be vociferous on Brexit, and I am sure that this will continue in his new role." The nomination of a tough negotiator and critic of the "Three Stooges" (Boris Johnson, Jacob Rees-Mogg and Nigel Farage) from a Member State which will be particularly impacted by Brexit, to the role of the Commissioner for Trade is of particular note.

Paolo Gentiloni

Paolo Gentiloni was born in Rome in 1954 and graduated in Political Sciences from the Sapienza University of Rome. Alongside his studies, he was a far-left student activist. Mr Gentiloni began his career as a journalist and slowly abandoned far-left ideals to become a member of the centre-left Democratic Party.

From 1993 to 2000 he served as the Spokesperson for the newly elected Mayor Francesco Rutelli in the Rome administration. In the 2001 general election, Mr Gentiloni was elected as a Member of Parliament and become a founding member of the new Daisy party ("La Margherita") which was formed with the merger of three parties, namely the Italian People's Party, the Democrats and Italian Renewal. He served as Minister of Communications from 2006 until 2008 in Romano Prodi's second government. He was re-elected in 2008 to the Italian Parliament for five years. He ran≈in the 2012 primaries for the Mayor of Rome, but placed third with only 15% of the vote.

In 2014, Mr Gentiloni was appointed Minister of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation. Following the constitutional referendum and Matteo Renzi's resignation from the post of Prime Minister, Italy's President Sergio Mattarella called upon Mr Gentiloni to form a new government. In 2016, he became the new Italian Prime Minister and, according to *Politico*, Gentiloni was the country's most popular politician, well above far-right Northern League leader Matteo Salvini or populist Five Star leader Luigi Di Maio.

In his new role, Mr Gentiloni is tasked with ensuring European economic policy encourages sustainable growth and ensuring that tax policies are fair and fit for the digital economy.

ITALY



Paolo Gentiloni (Political group – S&D)



Portfolio: Economy

Services/Directorate(s) General: DG Economic and Financial Affairs (ECFIN), DG Taxation and Customs Union (TAXUD), Eurostat (ESTAT)

Most recent position held: President of Italian Democratic Party, Prime Minister of Italy

LATVIA



Valdis Dombrovskis (Political group – EPP)



Portfolio: Executive Vice-President, An Economy that Works for People

Services/Directorate(s) General: DG Financial Stability, Financial Services and Capital Markets Union (FISMA)

Most recent position held: Vice-President of the Commission, Euro and Social Dialogue

Age: 48

Valdis Dombrovskis

Valdis Dombrovskis was born in Riga in 1971. He graduated with a Bachelor's degree in Economics for Engineers from Riga Technical University in 1995 and a Master's degree in Physics from the University of Latvia in 1996. Between 1995 and 1998, Mr Dombrovskis held a number of assistant roles at the Institute of Physics of the University of Mainz, at the University of Latvia's Institute of Solid State Physics and at the University of Maryland. Mr Dombrovskis then went on to work as a macroeconomic specialist within the Latvian Bank's Monetary Policy Department, a position which he held for four years. Having been elected to the Latvian Parliament in 2002 as a member of the New Era Party, Mr Dombrovskis held the position of Minister of Finance from 2002 to 2004.

Mr Dombrovskis was elected to the European Parliament in 2004, becoming Latvian Head of the Delegation of the EPP ED Group. During his tenure as an MEP, he was a member of three European Parliament Committees, including the Committee on Budgets. Mr Dombrovskis served as Prime Minister of Latvia between 2009 and 2014, during which time he implemented a series of austerity measures credited at the time with turning Latvia into one of the EU's fastest growing economies. He also presided over Latvia's accession to the Eurozone on 1 January 2014.

Mr Dombrovskis has been a Member of the European Parliament since 2014. He has served as the Vice-President for the Euro and Social Dialogue since 2016, and has also been in charge of Financial Stability, Financial Services and the Capital Markets Union.

In his new role, Mr Dombrovskis will be responsible for coordinating the EU's action plan to implement the European Pillar of Social Rights and the Sustainable Europe Investment Plan. Mr Dombrovskis will also be in charge of relations with the European Central Bank and of jointly leading the long-term strategy for Europe's industrial future.

Virginijus Sinkevičius

Virginijus Sinkevičius was born in Vilnius in 1990. He completed his secondary education in Lithuania and obtained a Bachelor's degree in Economic and Social Studies from the University of Aberystwyth in 2012. He completed a Master's Degree in European Studies at Maastricht University in 2013 and a Digital Policy course at the University of Oxford in 2017.

From 2013 until 2016, Mr Sinkevičius held project management and coordination positions at the Washington-based Centre for European Policy Analysis (CEPA), the Lithuanian postal service Lietuvos Paštas and Lithuanian state enterprise Lithuanian Airports. Between 2011 and 2015 Mr Sinkevičius was the author and editor of the news portal The Lithuanian Tribune. In 2016, he served as team leader of the Group for Regulatory Affairs at the public enterprise Invest Lithuania.

Since 2016, Mr Sinkevičius has been a Member of Parliament in Lithuania. He was initially appointed as Deputy Leader of the Lithuanian Farmers and Greens Union, and between 2016 and 2017 he was Chair of the Committee on Economics for the Lithuanian Parliament. Mr Sinkevičius was appointed as Lithuania's Minister of Economy in 2017 and, following the reorganisation of the Ministry of Economy in 2018, he has since served as Minister of Economy and Innovation.

As Commissioner for the Environment and Oceans, Mr Sinkevičius' responsibilities will include the implementation of an EU Biodiversity Strategy for 2030, the reformed Common Fisheries Policy and the EU Action Plan for the Circular Economy.

LITHUANIA



Virginijus Sinkevičius (Political group – Greens/EFA)



Portfolio: Environment and Oceans

Services/Directorate(s) General: DG Environment (ENV), DG Maritime Affairs and Fisheries (MARE)

Most recent position held: Minister of Economy and Innovation in the Lithuanian Government

LUXEMBOURG



Nicolas Schmit (Political group – S&D)



Portfolio: Jobs

Services/Directorate(s) General: DG Employment, Social Affairs and Inclusion (EMPL)

Most recent position held: Member of European Parliament

Age: 65

Nicolas Schmit

Nicolas Schmit was born in Luxembourg in 1953. He obtained a degree in Political Studies from the Institut d'études politiques d'Aix-en-Provence in 1976 and completed a PhD in International Economic Relations at the University of Aix-Marseille in 1982.

Between 1979 and 1982, whilst completing his Doctorate, Mr Schmit served as the attaché in charge of Economic Affairs at the Presidency of Government in Luxembourg. He then occupied a number of important positions representing Luxembourg on the European platform, notably as the Head of Cabinet at the Ministry for Foreign Affairs (1984-1989), Counsellor at the Permanent Representation of Luxembourg to the EU in charge of the Intergovernmental Conference leading to the Maastricht Treaty (1990-1991), Personal Representative of the Prime Minister to the Intergovernmental Conference leading to the Nice Treaty (2000) and the Ambassador from Luxembourg to the EU (1998-2004).

Mr Schmit left his Ambassador role to become the Minister Delegate for Foreign Affairs and Immigration, a position which he held until 2009. Mr Schmit then became a Minister to the Government of Luxembourg, first as the Minister for Labour, Employment and Immigration (2009-2013) and then for Labour, Employment and the Social and Solidarity Economy (2013-2018). Mr Schmit became a Member of European Parliament in July 2019, where he has sat on the Committee on Employment and Social Affairs.

In his new role, Mr Schmit will be entrusted with strengthening Europe's social dimension and the alleviation of poverty, ensuring that those in work earn a decent living and that the unemployed are supported in their search for work. He will also lead the work on developing a European Child Guarantee as a means to combat child poverty and take charge of implementing the European Pillar of Social Rights, which aims to safeguard the need for dignity, fairness and prosperity for Europeans.

Helena Dalli

Helena Dalli was born in 1962 in Malta and holds a PhD in Political Sociology from the University of Nottingham. She is also a lecturer in economic and political sociology, public policy and sociology of law at the University of Malta.

In 1996, she was elected to the Parliament of Malta and was appointed as Parliamentary Secretary for Women's Rights in the Office of the Prime Minister for two years. In this role she piloted the Domestic Violence Bill. Later, she also introduced a number of laws to strengthen equality and human rights, including the marriage equality bill between same-sex couples. She is a member of the Labour Party and has been elected as a Member of Parliament in every election since 1996.

Between 2013 and 2017, Ms Dalli was the Minister of Social Dialogue, Consumer Affairs and Civil Liberties to the Government of Malta. Ms Dalli was then appointed Minister for European Affairs and Equality until the Prime Minister Joseph Muscat announced she would be Malta's new Commissioner nominee. She is Malta's first-ever female nominee to the European Commission.

In the von der Leyen Commission, Ms Dalli will be responsible for the Equality Portfolio. As part of this, she will strengthen Europe's commitment to inclusion and equality and will lead on the EU's implementation of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities. She will work under the guidance of Margaritis Schinas, Vice-President and Commissioner for Protecting our European Way of Life.

MALTA



Helena Dalli (Political group – S&D)



Portfolio: Equality

Services/Directorate(s) General: Task Force for Equality, DG for Justice and Consumers (JUST)

Most recent position held: Minister of European Affairs and Equality

THE NETHERLANDS



Frans Timmermans (Political group – S&D)



Portfolio: Executive Vice-President, The European Green Deal, Climate Commissioner

Services/Directorate(s) General: DG Climate Action (CLIMA)

Most recent position held: First Vice-President of the Commission, Better Regulation, Inter-Institutional Relations, the Rule of Law and the Charter of Fundamental Rights

Age: 58

Frans Timmermans

Frans Timmermans was born in 1961 in Maastricht, the Netherlands. He graduated from Radboud University, Nijmegen with a degree in French Language and Literature. He obtained Master's degrees in European Law and French Literature at the University of Nancy.

Mr Timmermans started his career in 1987 as a Policy Officer in the European Integration Department at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs in The Hague. In 1990, he was appointed Deputy Secretary of the Dutch embassy in Moscow and, after briefly returning to The Hague as Deputy Head of the Minister for Development Cooperation's EC Affairs Section, Mr Timmermans joined the staff of European Commissioner Hans van den Broek. He went on to become the Senior Adviser and Private Secretary to Max van der Stoel, the High Commissioner on National Minorities for the Organisation for Security and Co-operation in Europe (OSCE).

Frans Timmermans was elected to the Dutch Parliament in 1998, a position he held until 2007, when he became Minister of European Affairs until 2010. Mr Timmermans was re-elected to the Dutch Parliament from 2010-2012, becoming Minister of Foreign Affairs from 2012 to 2014.

In 2014, Mr Timmermans became a Commissioner under the Juncker Commission, holding the position of First Vice-President of the European Commission, in charge of Better Regulation, Inter-Institutional Relations, the Rule of Law and the Charter of Fundamental Rights. In this role, Mr Timmermans has received resistance from Hungary, Poland and Romania on rule of law issues.

Frans Timmermans ran as a candidate for the Presidency of the European Commission in 2019.

Janusz Wojciechowski

Janusz Wojciechowski was born in 1954 in Rawa Mazowiecka, Poland, and graduated in 1977 from the University of Łódź with a Master's degree in Law. Mr Wojciechowski worked as a Judge from 1991 to 1993, before being elected to the Polish Parliament in 1993. Mr Wojciechowski became a Member of the European Parliament on Poland's accession to the EU in 2004, a position he held until 2016, when he became a Member of the European Court of Auditors for the 2016-2022 term.

Mr Wojciechowski was a member and leader of the Polish Peasants' Party (PSL). Before joining the European Court of Auditors, he was a member of the right-wing Polish Law and Justice (PiS) party. He has been a member of the European People's Party, Europe of Nations and Freedom, and European Conservative and Reformists.

When it was proposed that Poland would receive the agriculture portfolio, the original nominee, Krzysztof Szczerski, withdrew his candidacy and Mr Wojciechowski was nominated in his place. In contrast to Mr Szczerski, Mr Wojciechowski has extensive experience in Agriculture, having served as the Vice-Chair of the European Parliament Committee on Agriculture and Rural Development from 2004 to 2016.

In his role as the Commissioner for Agriculture, Mr Wojciechowski will report to Frans Timmermans, Vice-President and Commissioner for the European Green Deal.

Mr Wojciechowski is currently under investigation by the anti-fraud agency OLAF for alleged irregularities in the reimbursement of travel expenses between 2004 and 2014.

POLAND



Janusz Wojciechowski (Political group – ECR)



Portfolio: Agriculture

Services/Directorate(s) General: DG Agriculture and Rural Development (AGRI)

Most recent position held: Auditor in the European Court of Auditors

PORTUGAL



Elisa Ferreira (Political group – S&D)



Portfolio: Cohesion and Reforms

Services/Directorate(s) General: DG Regional and Urban Policy (REGIO), DG for Structural Reform Support

Most recent position held: Deputy Governor of the Banco de Portugal (Central Bank)

Age: 63

Elisa Ferreira

Elisa Ferreira was born in Porto in 1955 and studied economics in her hometown before obtaining a Master's and PhD from the University of Reading in 1985.

She was appointed Minister for the Environment in 1995 and then Minister for Planning in 1999 in the government of António Guterres (the current Secretary General of the United Nations). She was elected to the Portuguese Parliament in 2002 and then to the European Parliament in 2004, where she spent a total of 12 years. During her stint as an MEP she was an active member of the Economic and Monetary Affairs Committee (ECON) and coordinator for the S&D group for most of this period.

In 2016, Ms Ferreira resigned as an MEP (to be replaced by Manuel dos Santos) to become a Member of the Board of Banco de Portugal, before being named its Deputy Governor a year later. She has been Portugal's representative at the Supervisory Board of the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM ECB) since 2016.

Ms Ferreira's key responsibilities in the Commission will include the legislative framework for cohesion funds for the next long-term budget, ensuring Member States make full and effective use of the funds in the current budget. She will also be responsible for proposing a new Just Transition Fund, working alongside Frans Timmermans, the Executive Vice-President and Commissioner for the European Green Deal, and Johannes Hahn, the Commissioner for Budget and Administration. In addition, she will be responsible for finding an agreement on the Reform Support Programme and the Budgetary Instrument for Convergence and Competitiveness in the euro area.

In her new role, Ms Ferreira will work under the guidance of Valdis Dombrovskis, the Executive Vice-President and Commissioner for an Economy that Works for People, and be supported by both the Directorate General for Regional and Urban Policy and a new Directorate General for Structural Reform Support.

Maroš Šefčovič

Maroš Šefčovič was born in Bratislava, Slovakia in 1966. Mr Šefčovič studied at the University of Economics in Bratislava from 1984 to 1985 and the Moscow State Institute for International Relations from 1985 to 1990. He later earned his PhD in International and European Law at the Faculty of Law of Comenius University in Bratislava.

He began his career as a diplomat and in 1996 was appointed as the Deputy Director of the Slovak Ministry of Foreign Affairs, EU and NATO division in 1996. Over the next few years, Mr Šefčovič worked in the Foreign Minister's Office as the Deputy Director and later became its Director. Mr Šefčovič was appointed the Vice-President of the European Commission for Inter- Institutional Relations and Administration in 2010, and acted as the interim Vice-President of the European Commission responsible for Inter-Institutional Relations and Administration and Health and Consumer Policy in October and November 2011.

In 2014, Mr Šefčovič was elected as a Member of the European Parliament. That same year, he was appointed Vice-President of the European Commission for the Energy Union and EU Space Policy and was temporarily in charge of the Digital Single Market.

In 2019, Mr Šefčovič, unsuccessfully ran as a candidate in the Slovak presidential race. During his campaign he repeatedly spoke against legislative changes which would improve the status of LGBT rights in Slovakia, heavily relying on the position that this would be against "traditional Christian values".

Within his new role, Mr Šefčovič will be responsible for the implementation of the Inter-Institutional Agreement on Better Law-Making. Mr Šefčovič will also chair the REFIT platform working on ways to improve EU regulation.

SLOVAKIA





Maroš Šefčovič (Political group – S&D)



Portfolio: Vice-President, Inter-Institutional Relations and Foresight

Services/Directorate(s) General: None

Most recent position held: Transport & Space Commissioner

SLOVENIA



Janez Lenarčič (Political group – Independent, proposed by PM Marjan Šarec – Renew) RENEW EUROPE

Portfolio: Crisis Management

Services/Directorate(s) General: DG European Civil Protection and Humanitarian Aid Operations (ECHO), parts of the Education, Audiovisual and Culture Executive Agency (EACEA)

Most recent position held: Permanent Representative of Slovenia to the EU

Age: 51

Janez Lenarčič

Janez Lenarčič was born in Ljubljana in 1967 and is a career diplomat. He has a law degree from the University of Ljubljana where he graduated in 1992. He started his career at the Slovenian Ministry for Foreign Affairs before moving to New York, where he worked for the Permanent Mission of Slovenia to the United Nations from 1994 to 1999.

In 2001, he became an Advisor for Foreign Affairs in the cabinet of the Slovenian Prime Minister, Janez Drnovšek. Two years later he moved to Vienna, where he led the Permanent Mission of the Republic of Slovenia to the Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe (OSCE). In 2005, when Slovenia held the OSCE's Chairmanship, he chaired the Permanent Council in Vienna, the OSCE's regular political decision-making body.

He was appointed State Secretary for European Affairs in 2006, heading the working group for the preparation of the Slovenian Presidency of the EU. In 2008 he returned to OSCE and was appointed as a director of the OSCE Office for Democratic Institutions and Human Rights (ODIHR) in Warsaw, where he stayed until 2014. He currently serves as a Permanent Representative of Slovenia to the European Union in Brussels and is not affiliated to any of the Slovenian political parties.

In his new role as Commissioner for Crisis Management, he will be in charge of European civil protection and humanitarian aid, as part of which he will assume the role of the European Emergency Response Coordinator.

Josep Borrell Fontelles

Josep Borrell Fontelles was born in 1947 to a family of bread-makers in La Pobla de Segur, a small town in Catalonia close to the Pyrenees. He studied aeronautical engineering at Polytechnic University of Madrid (UPM), graduating in 1969. Between 1969 and 1976, Borrell obtained a Bachelor's degree and PhD in Economics at the Complutense University of Madrid (UCM), a Master's degree in Oil Industry Economics and Technology at the French Institute of Petroleum and a Master's degree in Applied Mathematics (Operations Research) at Stanford University under a number of scholarships, including the prestigious Fulbright Program.

In 1975, Borrell joined the Spanish Socialist Workers' Party (PSOE) whilst working as a mathematics professor at UCM and, following the PSOE's landslide victory in the 1982 Spanish general election, he assumed the role of General Secretary for the Budget and Public Spending. Whilst serving as a member of the Spanish parliament between 1986 and 2003, Borrell held numerous key roles in government including Secretary of State for Finance (1984-1991), Minister of Public Works, Transport, Telecommunications and the Environment (1991-1996) and leader of the opposition for PSOE (1998-1999).

Borrell was President of the European Parliament from 2004 to 2007 and served as Chairman on Development between 2007 and 2009. Deciding to step back from elected office for a number of years, Borrell returned to politics in 2018 as Minister of Foreign Affairs, the European Union and Cooperation in the Spanish government after Pedro Sánchez's investiture as Prime Minister.

In his new role in the European Commission, Borrell will focus on developing a European Defence Union and ensuring the European Union's foreign policy is aligned with its internal strategic aims. In particular, he will need to tackle rising diplomatic tensions with Iran and develop a strategic partnership with the United Kingdom after its departure from the European Union.

SPAIN



Josep Borrell Fontelles

(Political group – S&D)

S&D

Portfolio: High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy/Vice-President, A Stronger Europe in the World

Services/Directorate(s) General: European External Action Service (EEAS), Service for Foreign Policy Instruments (FPI)

Most recent position held: Minister of Foreign Affairs, the European Union and Cooperation to the Spanish Government

Age: 72

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SWEDEN



Ylva Johansson (Political group – S&D)



Portfolio: Home Affairs

Services/Directorate(s) General: DG Migration and Home Affairs (HOME), Parts of the Research Executive Agency (REA)

Most recent position held: Minister for Employment in the Government of Sweden

Age: 55

Yiva Johansson

Ylva Johansson was born in Huddinge, Sweden in 1964. She followed a programme for teacher education as well as courses in mathematics and physics at the University of Lund from 1985 to 1988. She later spent a year in Stockholm at the Institute of Education from 1991 and holds a Master's degree in Education.

Ms Johansson has been politically active since her twenties; she was elected as a member of the Riksdag for the Left Party Communists in 1988, leaving the party in 1991 for the Social Democrats. She returned to teaching from 1992 to 1994 until she was appointed Minister of Schools in the Swedish Government. However, Ms Johansson left the government in 1998, shortly after publicly announcing her relationship with Erik Åsbrink, Sweden's then Minister of Finance, and worked in the private sector. Ms Johansson returned to the Swedish government in 2004, serving as Minister for Health and Elderly Care until 2006, later returning to the Rilksdag as Deputy Chair of the Committee on Health and Welfare (2006-2010) and the Committee on the Labour Market (2010-2014). From 2014 she has served as Minister for Employment and has tightened labour immigration laws during her time in office.

Ursula von der Leyen has entrusted Ms Johansson with the development of a New Pact on Migration and Asylum, to reform asylum rules by closing loopholes between asylum and return rules. Within the migration framework of the EU, Ms Johansson will be in charge of stepping up the fight against human traffickers and smugglers by establishing humanitarian corridors for refugees. She shall also focus on a new approach to search and rescue, implementing a reinforced European Border and Coast Guard Agency. The ultimate goal is to return to a fully functioning Schengen Area of free movement. Ms Johansson will be partially responsible for building an effective Security Union by increasing efforts to prevent, prosecute and respond to terrorism and emerging threats. Ms Johansson will also lead Europe's efforts to prevent and remove the online presence of terrorist content and propaganda.

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With special thanks to Ana Hergouth, Romane Colleu, and Deirdre Ryan for their contributions.

CLIFFORD

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